

Crittenden Record-Press

No. 26

Marion, Crittenden County Kentucky, Thursday Morning, Jan. 24 1918

Vol. XXXX

REGISTRATION TO BE HELD

German Alien Enemies To Register, Feb. 4th to 9th, 1918 Take Notice.

Office Of U. S. Marshal, Western District Of Ky.

Louisville, Jan. 18th. Mr. S. M. Jenkins, (Editor) Marion, Ky.

Dear Sir:

Obeding instructions from the Attorney General of the U. S., I request that you publish the enclosed notice in each and every issue of your paper from the time of the receipt hereof up to and including the 9th day of February next. Payment for the publication of said notice is not contemplated, at least, as far as I am at present advised. Presumably the Government assumes that the rendition of the service requested is to be regarded as a patriotic contribution to the prosecution of the war.

Respectfully,

E. H. James,

U. S. Marshal.

REGISTRATION OF GERMAN ALIEN ENEMIES

Notice is hereby given that a registration of German alien enemies will be held throughout the Western Federal Judicial District of Kentucky from Feb. 4th, to Feb. 9th, 1918, between the hours of six A. M. and eight P. M. each day. In the cities of Louisville, Owensboro, Henderson, Hopkinsville, Bowling Green, Paducah and Mayfield the registration will be conducted by the Police Department; in all other cities, and in all towns, villages and hamlets, the registration will be conducted by the Postmasters thereof. In all the cities named, those who are required to register must present themselves at the office of the Chief of Police or at such stations as may be designated by the Police Department; and outside said cities, those who are required to register must present themselves at the postoffice at or through which they receive mail.

Those required to register are male Germans, fourteen years of age or over, who are not citizens of the United States. This includes Germans who have taken out first citizenship papers but who have not completed the process of naturalization.

Persons required to register should understand that in so doing they are giving proof of their peaceful dispositions and of their intention to conform to the laws of the United States.

Every registrant should read carefully the form of registration affidavit handed to him and ask the registration officer for explanation on all points not clear to him, before attempting to fill out the blanks. Registration officers are instructed to give registrants all possible aid in the way of explanation and advice.

Each registrant is required to furnish four unmounted photograph of himself, not larger than 3 by 3 inches in size, on thin paper, with light background. All four photographs should be signed by the registrant across the face of the photograph, so as not to obscure the features, if the applicant is able to write.

Three blank forms of registration affidavit must be completely filled out by the regis-

COURT DAYS POSTPONED

County Court And Quarterly Court On Tuesdays Following Their Usual Dates

On account of the U. S. Fuel Administrator's order closing all places of business on Mondays for ten weeks beginning last Monday Jan. 21st, and continuing through the months of January, February and March embracing Mondays only in these months; County Judge R. L. Moore deems it best for the sessions of the County court for Feby., and March to be held on Tuesdays following the 2nd Monday which will be the 12th, of February and the 12th of March. The sittings of the Quarterly court will be held on Tuesdays following the 4th Mondays, which will be January, 29, February 26th, and March 26th.

One reason for this postponement is Judge Moore's thought for the comfort and convenience of the people from the country who could not find places to get in and keep comfortable during such weather as we are having when all the stores are closed and the fact that most farmers have business with some store when they come to town. They would not want to come to court and not be able to see their Grocer, Banker, Hardware man or Dry goods man, as the case might be.

The End Of A Meatless Day.

I have eaten a bale
Of spinach and kale,
And I've never raised a row.
I have swallowed a can
Of moistened bran
And I feel like a bridle cow.
I am taking a snack
From the old hay stack
In the evening shadows gray.
I am glad, you bet,
At last to get
To the end of a meatless day.
— Washington Star.

trant or his representative (with the exception of the blanks indicated to be filled out by the registration officer and the description of the registrant and the placing of finger prints on the blank) and must be produced by the registrant personally to the registration officer and be signed and sworn to by the registrant in the presence of and before the registration officer, who will fill in the description of the registrant and supervise the fixing of the finger prints and the attaching of the photographs. If the registrant can not write, he must make his mark in the signature space and affix his thumb print in the space provided opposite the signature space.

The finger printing is a method of identification and follows the practice observed in the military and the naval service of the United States.

The registrant must again present himself before the registration officer who took his oath after 10 days but before 15 days from the last day fixed for registration in his registration district to obtain a registration card, upon which he must sign his name, or make his mark, and place his thumb print in the presence of the registration officer.

The registrant is required to furnish four unmounted photograph of himself, not larger than 3 by 3 inches in size, on thin paper, with light background. All four photographs should be signed by the registrant across the face of the photograph, so as not to obscure the features, if the applicant is able to write.

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POSTPONED Executor's Sale

On account of the big snow storm, the sale advertised will be postponed until Tuesday Feb. 5th, 1918, at which time I will as executor of Wm. Barnett Dec'd., on the farm where T. J. Sleamaker resides, about 1 1/2 miles east of Tolu beginning at 9 o'clock.

Sell at Public Auction to the highest and best bidder all the personal property of said decedent consisting of 22 head of mules and 1 horse, 41 head of cattle, cows, calves and Hereford bull.

A large lot of agricultural implements consisting of wagons, plows, harrows, planters, harness and etc.

Terms, all sums over \$20 on 12 months time, with interest from date, with approved security, but cash will be accepted in lieu of note if desired. Sums \$20 and under, cash in hand.

Barbecue dinner will be served on the ground.

J. W. Blue, Jr.,
Ex'tr., Wm. Barnett.

REPUDIATE BOYCE TAYLOR

The Herald desires to offer its congratulations to the First Baptist church of Richmond, Ky., upon its action in vigorous denunciation of one H. Boyce Taylor, and its demand for his resignation as moderator of the State Baptist Association.

The man who is not for the United States heart and soul, who is not ready to support every movement that promises to aid in the efficient prosecution of the war, who is not ready to make sacrifices for the honor and welfare of his country, is not in the true sense of the word an American citizen. He is in fact anti-American.

The newspapers of Western Kentucky, edited by the most reputable citizens, have represented H. Boyce Taylor in the attitude of antagonism to the government of the United States which is fighting now in a just and righteous cause. The Herald has seen no denial, no charge that he has been misrepresented. The resolutions adopted at Richmond refer to specific evidences other than that reprinted in the Herald from Western Kentucky newspapers. Under such circumstances the Baptists of Kentucky owe it to themselves to repudiate a man who dishonors them. Every Baptist congregation in Kentucky should follow the lead of the First Baptist church of Richmond.—Lexington Herald.

DYNAMITE IN COAL

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 21... Dynamite in coal shoveled into the engine's boiler this afternoon exploded a freight locomotive at Harahan bridge, spanning the Mississippi river here, fatally injuring several persons here.

1st., BAPTIST CHURCH.

The broken pipes in our heating plant, have all been repaired. The church will be well heated Sunday. Come and worship with us.

THE REV. H. BOYCE TAYLOR

Defends Himself, From His Paper "News and Truths," We Copy The Following.

"LEST WE FORGET."

Wherefore I will not be negligent to put you always in remembrance of those things, tho' ye know them, and be established in the present truth. 2 Pe. 1:12.

To write the same things to you, to me indeed it is not grievous, but for you it is safe. Paul (Phil. 3:1)

To "stir up the pure minds" of some of our friends "by way of remembrance, that ye may be mindful of the words which were spoken unto you before" we have gone back over our files of 1917 and publish some of the same things over again, that our readers may again see for themselves the Editor's position, as touching all the things, wherein his loyalty has been called in question. We make no deliverance at all but simply give the date and exact quotation of former deliverances. Let this be said again, which the Editor has often said before: so long as any matter is before congress or legislature, the Editor has felt free to express his opinion, as have thousands of others; but when it becomes a law, his mouth is shut, and he has always "submitted on every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake" and advised all others to do so. Even a casual reading of the following will demonstrate that to any honest mind, who really wants to know the Editor's position. In the issue of May 2, the leading double column front page editorial was headed "Pro-America First," in which the Editor said: "As between Germany and America he (the Editor) is altogether Pro-American."

From the issue of August 1st we quote: "My business as a good citizen is to obey the laws of the United States." Again: "The United States is in war. The Bible teaches every believer to obey the laws of the land. The Editor of News and Truths does that. He is a law abiding citizen."

Again from the issue of Aug. 22 we quote: "The New Testament does teach that we ought to be subject to the laws of the land." And then in answering the question raised by Bro. Lipsay of the Baptist Record that we were Pro-German in our sympathies, in that same issue we said: "From the moment that Uncle Sam declared war our sympathies are all Pro-American. We are for Uncle Sam first, last and all the time just as we are for the Baptists first, last and all the time."

We believe that our bitterest enemy will admit that we have a leaning to the Baptists. We put it then and that was back in August that we are as loyal to America as to the Baptists. We could not put it stronger than that. In that same issue it is said editorially: "Because the New Testament plainly says so, we cheerfully yield obedience to every law of tribute or drafting that touches us or ours. And we go further than that. We urge young men to be honest and straight in the matter of exemption. We have told every young man that asked us about the matter to register: to tell the truth about his physical condition; not to hide behind his wife or mother, unless they had no other means of support and could not make a living themselves; to play the man and not to be a sissy or a cry-baby; if they had no conscientious scruples not to lie about it and pretend that they had; but if they have honest scruples then put it squarely up to Uncle Sam and asked to be transferred to some department where they would not have to take the life of a fellowman."

Then in the issue of Dec. 5 by way of further outlining our views as to the believer's relation to government among other things we said:

"Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's; and unto God the things that are God's. Matt. 22:21.

When the Scribes and Pharisees came to the Master trying to ensnare and entrap Him, in order to indict Him for disloyalty to the Roman government, they asked Him if it was lawful to give tribute to Caesar. Asking for a coin of tribute money. He inquired as to whose image and superscription that was on the coin. Then He silenced them and at the same time announced for all time to come the believer's attitude towards all governments by answering: "Render

MILLION LOSS IN BIG FIRE

Great Government Warehouse Is Destroyed In Washington

Washington, Jan. 14—A quantity of army supplies, including food valued at \$1,000,000 was destroyed, the quartermaster's warehouse ruined and several other buildings damaged by fire at Washington barracks. The origin of the fire is undisclosed.

RIFLE PRACTICE

Every High School Pupils Male And Female To Be Taught.

Washington—Adoption of plans for providing rifle practice in all high schools of the country was recommended today by the National Board for the promotion of Rifle Practice. The board also recorded its belief that every effort should be made to thoroughly instruct all forces of the service in the proper use of the rifle and that so far as practicable such instruction should be completed prior to over-seas service.

Fine Business And Stock Of Goods For Sale.

Located at Mexico, Ky., near the I. C. Station P. O. in the store. Pigmy mine 1-2 mile, Half-faw mine 1 mile and numerous other mines near.

Stock consists of notions, shoes, drygoods, groceries, tin ware, hardware, glass and queensware and will invoice about \$2,000.00.

Clyde McMaster.

under Caesar the things which are Caesar's; and unto God the things that are God's." Of course Caesar here stands not only for all monarchies but for any other kinds of government; and this passage sets forth very clearly the relationship of every follower of the Lord Jesus to his government and to his God. Paul in Rom. 13 and Peter in his first epistle both make it exceedingly clear that the man who does not obey the laws of his country is not only in rebellion against his government but against God."

And then speaking of the good connected with the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A., these words were said:

"No Christian wants any of our boys to be deprived of any of the comforts of life before they go to France or any of the kindly ministrations of tender hands on the battle fields after they get to the front."

"Good reading, good music, rest rooms, recreation, night schools and all the other things done by many Y. M. C. A. workers are tip top, if the men were going to live and abide in these camps for a generation. We speak only of the things done by the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A., that are good." And then calling attention to the needs of the souls of the soldiers we quoted this incident from the Sunday School Times.

"After a recent concert given for the entertainment of the soldiers, one of them was asked to propose a vote of thanks. He arose and said: "We are very grateful for the entertainment afforded us to night; and we appreciate all the musical talent brought for our enjoyment. But we are off to the front tomorrow; and I do not know how to die I am not prepared to meet God. I only wish there had been something for our souls."

"If saying the same thing over and over again can establish the Editor's loyalty, these oft-repeated avowals ought, as Peter says, to cause our readers "to be established in the present truth."

"To write the same things to you, to me indeed is not grievous, but for you it is safe."—News and Truths.

The Publican

By REV. L. W. GOSNELL
Assistant Dean, New York
Institute, Chicago.

TENT—And the publican, standing afar off, would not lift up so much as his eyes unto heaven, but smote upon his breast saying, God be merciful to me a sinner. I tell you this man went down to his house justified, rather than the other.—Luke 18:11, 14.

The Pharisee thanked God he was not as "other men," or as the Revised Version reads, "the rest of men;" he thought he was the best man in the world. But the publican prayed, "God be merciful to me a sinner," or, as the Revision has it, "the sinner;" he thought he was the worst man in the world. Yet, our Lord declares this man went down to his house justified rather than the other.

Certainly, our Lord was not blind to the sins of the publican any more than he was to the excellencies of the Pharisee. The publicans were a hard lot, unjust, rapacious, cruel. A story is told of a publican who restored a necklace to a merchant from whom he had taken it by fraud. A Rabbi, commenting on the incident, said we might now expect wolves to drop from their mouths the lambs taken from the flock; yet, the man in the parable took such an attitude toward God that, spite of his sin, he was justified.

The prayer he prayed has probably crossed more lips of dying men than any other prayer. It is so direct, so brief, that it has been called "holy telegram."

The story of a man belonging to such a class, feeling his own sinfulness and praying such a prayer, will always be of interest to saints and sinners.

How it illustrates the beauty of penitence! True, a man's repentance does not commend him to God. Even the publican seemed to feel that, "God be merciful" means, literally, "God be propitiated." The publican felt he needed a sacrifice of blood even though his heart was broken and his eyes tear stained. This is always the case.

Again, the appropriateness of deep feeling on a sinner's part is illustrated in the publican's cry, "God be merciful to me the sinner." The very fact that some who have heard the Gospel many times are still unmoved should lead them to feel deeply. Heathen people, have been moved to cry with the publican for mercy, the very first time the message of the cross has been presented to them.

Conversion of a Cannibal.

The son of John G. Paton, the famous missionary to the New Hebrides, tells a story which illustrates this point. He came unexpectedly one night upon a group of cannibals. His fellow missionaries advised that he retire, for their lives were in imminent danger. But Mr. Paton argued that the missionary should tell the story of the cross, danger or no danger. He took his place before the cannibal chief and told of the coming of God's son to the world, of his life and his death. As he spoke, the Spirit of God wrought and the heart of the savage before him was broken. When the story was finished, the chieftain raised a wooden knife and said, "Missionary, this knife has entered the bodies of a thousand men of whom I have eaten at feasts. But I never heard before of the love of God which sent his son to die for us. It has broken my heart. Take this knife as a token that I become this night a follower of Jesus Christ." Yet some have heard the story many times, but have never cried, "God be merciful to me the sinner."

We need not say that a penitent heart is ready to accept a Saviour. As already pointed out, the publican prayed, "God be propitiated to me" (See R. V.). The doctrine of Christ as a substitute is distasteful to many in this age, but is radiant with glory to those who feel their need of a Saviour. They require no proof of it but accept it with the eagerness of a famished man to whom water is given. Spurgeon in one of his sermons, pictures the messenger of mercy journeying in search of a resting place. He hastened by many a hostelry and tarried not till at length he came to a little inn which bore the sign of The Broken Heart. "Here," said mercy's messenger, "I would fain tarry, for I know by experience I shall be welcome here."

Justification Versus Pardon.

Finally, this parable illustrates the blessedness of justification. Many Christians are content to believe their sins are pardoned, for man can conceive of nothing higher than pardon for the guilty. In human courts only the innocent are justified. But in the court of heaven, the ungodly are justified and sent away as if they had never sinned! Through the cross, God is able to be just and yet the justifier of the believer in Jesus. How marvelous!

Surely, there should be no need to urge men to accept such a blessing. Rather let us take our places at once with the publican, crying, "God be merciful to me the sinner."

THE ONLY CHANCE.

It was an odd situation. Mother went down into the pantry, and found that son had been at the larder cake. She signed, assumed her severe look, and went back into the living room.

"Robert," she said, "didn't I tell you not to touch that cake without asking permission? And didn't I tell you that you couldn't have any cake just before meal time?"

"Yes, ma."

"Then why did you take some cake without asking permission?"

"Because I wanted some cake just before meal time."

The argument was flawlessly, whatever is said about his obedience.

OLD TREASURES.

Violet—You must have saved old things for years to make that large rug bag.

Elderly Friend—Dear me, yes. Why, that's my confirmation frock, and that's my going-away dress, and that's my lacey poplin of the Paris exhibition. They've all some wear in them yet!—London Opinion.

A SQUARE DEAL.



Looky here, we has got ter derive dis chicken fair!"

"Dat's right, pard. Now, I ain't had nuthin' fer eat for three days, an' youse didn't had no sleep for three nights, so I take de puller fer me breakfas', an' youse take de feathers, spread 'em on dat ole plank, an' perch'dew tew injoy yourself."

Never Satisfied.

The man who sighs for the bygone day when a barefoot boy he ran, is the grown-up lad who used to say: "Gee! I wish I was a man!"

The Right Place.

He—Miss Prim won't tell whether she is engaged or not. She intimates that both Bob and Harry have proposed to her, but that at present she can't make up her mind about their respective merits and so is on the fence.

She—The cat!

Progress.

"Tell me, in a few words, the plot of this play."

"Washtub, limousine, duke."

"That's a little too brief. I don't quite understand."

"Well, in other words, it's the story of a social climber."

And He Got It.

Suitor (featuring sister)—I'll give you a dime if you'll run away and play.

Jimmy—Certainly not! If it's worth a dime to get rid of me it's worth a quarter to see what you're going to do.

A Gentle Hint.

Mabel—I do admire the little waves; they're so affectionate.

George—Affectionate?

Mabel—Yes; they're always kissing the sand.

TERrible



"How'd you like to be a fireman? They have snap!"

"Yes; but not for mine. I saw a fireman git souked wid water whilst."

Another Look.

"I'll look for work," a man once said. A job came round his way.

He gave one look and turned his head. And looked the other way.

Marital Assent.

"I have just met your wife, sir, and she is a dear creature."

"Don't I know it? I have just been paying some of her bills."

Evidence.

Weary Bo—No matter what happens to Willie Downanout he always has the outward sign of spirit.

Dreary Dan—Yes; his nose shows it.

A Lot Said Sotto Voce.

"I suppose," said Heck, "your wife always has the last word."

"No," replied Peck, "but she always has the last word that's spoken ahead."

THE CRUCIAL MOMENT.

"Then," said the young man with a tragic air, as he was leaving the room, "this is your final decision?"

"It is, Mr. Caredy," replied the young girl firmly.

"Then," he replied, his voice burring in unnatural calmness, "there is but one thing more to add."

"Yes?" she questioned sweetly.

"It is this—shall I return those white satin suspender-mail, or will you have them now?"

GOOD ROADS IN CONNECTICUT.

Concrete Highways Being Built in Twenty-Two Cities and Towns—Cost \$15,000 a Mile.

The construction of concrete highways is going on in 22 cities and towns in Connecticut, and when these contracts have been completed there will be about 70 miles of concrete-surfaced pavement in that state. The highways are 18 feet wide and cost \$15,000 a mile. The longest single street of concrete road in Connecticut is two miles in Cheshire, on the main highway from Plainville to New Haven.

Good Roads.

Any neighborhood that does not have enough enterprise to keep two or three log road drags going for a couple of weeks during the late fall, is sadly behind the times. Farmers who are too lazy to do this ought to be compelled to drag their weary legs through the mud to town next spring—as they surely will.

The best results from dragging are obtained only by repeated application.

Catarrh of Stomach Did Not Know It

Mrs. Schma Tanner, Athens, Ohio writes: "I cannot find words to express my thanks for your kind advice. I never once thought I had catarrh of the stomach, so commenced taking Peruna, as suggested. My stomach continued to hurt me for about two weeks after I began the medicine and then stopped. I now have a good appetite, while before I was not able to eat.

Those who object to liquid medicines can prob. Peruna Tablets.

Nearly Starved

PERUNA Made Me Well

THE SLATED NEWSPAPER TRAIL

Young Ohio Printer Established in Indianapolis First News Disseminator in 1822, in Log Cabin.

The first newspaper published in Indianapolis was the Indianapolis Gazette, started in January, 1822, by Nathanial Wilson, a young printer who came from Ohio. He was born in Chillicothe, once an Indian town, and lived for a few years the capital of Ohio. He learned the printer's trade there and moved to Indianapolis a year later. The capital was located in a log cabin. In a reminiscent address made to the public in 1852, he said:

"The Gazette was established in a log cabin in the woods, but one room of which was occupied for a temporary residence. It was printed on newsprint. The ink was put on with brush made of dressed deer skin stuffed with white pine boughs, when out of use were kept soft by the application of animal fat. There was no post office nearer than Columbus, a distance of 100 miles, so a private mail was established and a person employed to go to Columbus every four weeks to bring the letters and newspapers. In January, 1823, the post office was established, and in a short time we had our mail from the East every two weeks, unless detained by high waters." A year after starting the Gazette Mr. Wilson became a mail carrier. In his reminiscient address he says:

"In 1823, having received a contract from the postmaster general, I proceeded with the first United States mail north of Indianapolis to the then recently deserted village of Andersontown. A post office on the route was established at the home of William Connor, four miles south of Noblesville, and there was another post office at Streetown, a granite of considerable magnitude, where many remains of the Indian village that had been located there were still standing."

HEALTH FOUND IN GARDEN

Perspiration That Results Carries Away Noxious Elements, and Strength and Vigor Are Certain.

To the man who woos her earnest nature gives a store of unexpected gifts. Our thoughts of amateur gardeners who have not in the leisure hours in their little garden patches have begun to realize that one of the biggest rewards of their labors may not be the actual produce they will obtain, valuable as that may be, but the less tangible results on their own bodily and spiritual welfare.

There is health in the soil of Mother Earth. The perspiration that results from your labors is carrying away noxious elements from your blood. Strength and vigor come from contact with the soil. In this kinship to the earth is found one reason that nearly all of our greatest men have been country-bred boys. It is why farmer boys of today are stronger and more able than youths reared in cities. Do not be afraid if your hand acquires a few callouses or a brownish tint. A well-tanned hand is a more fitting subject for pride than a soft, white, useless hand. You may meet with some failures from not knowing the how and why of things, but there is a joy which cannot fail.

The miracle of planting a seed and seeing the growth, though a common thing, contains joy and food for the heart. Gardening not only brings nourishment for the body and food for the mind, but it expands the soul.—Milwaukee Journal.

After Effects of Typhoid.

After an attack of typhoid little children have to learn again all their recent accomplishments, such as walking and talking; adolescents need at least six months or even a year's holiday from strenuous education, and men and women find that a complete and prolonged holiday is the price they must pay for complete restoration to vigor of body and mind.

—

Photograph Frames.

For framing a single photograph for the wall, a novel idea is to place it in the upper part of a moderately large mat. When the picture is in sepia, the mat should be in tan or brown, the frame brown or gold. When the photograph is gray the mat should be also, with a gray or gold frame. A wide gray frame sometimes takes the place of a mat.

The back board may be covered with a harmonious plain material; a wire enamel may be bought for a trifle and attached to the back through a slit made just to fit its clamp. The back is included in the clasp binding at the sides and bottom; the top is left open for the insertion of the picture.

—

The Tactful Writer.

When writing to those away from home or distant relatives or friends see to it that your letter fairly sparkles with cheer and good news. Bring a smile to the reader's lips and make him or her long to be with you to share the happy joys you tell about.

These are the kind of letters that go straight to the hearts of those who receive them. The vast majority of us have a full measure of cares and responsibilities to contend with, but every one of us can often think a happy thought or speak a good word and we should in all fairness pass it on—Exchange.

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The Crucial Moment.

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Good Roads.

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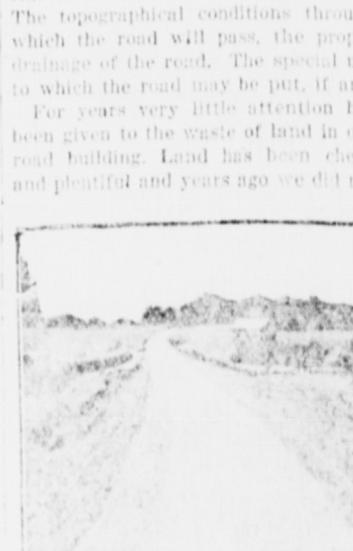
GOOD ROADS

PROPER WIDTH OF HIGHWAYS

Writer Advocates Narrower Roads and Restoring Acres of Valuable Land to Farming.

Just at this time many are interested in the question, how wide should our public roads be? A number of things should be considered in answering this question, says a writer in Utah Farmer. The kind of material to be used in making the road, the topographical conditions through which the road will pass, the proper drainage of the road, the special use to which the road may be put, if any.

For years very little attention has been given to the waste of land in our road building. Land has been cheap and plentiful and years ago we did not

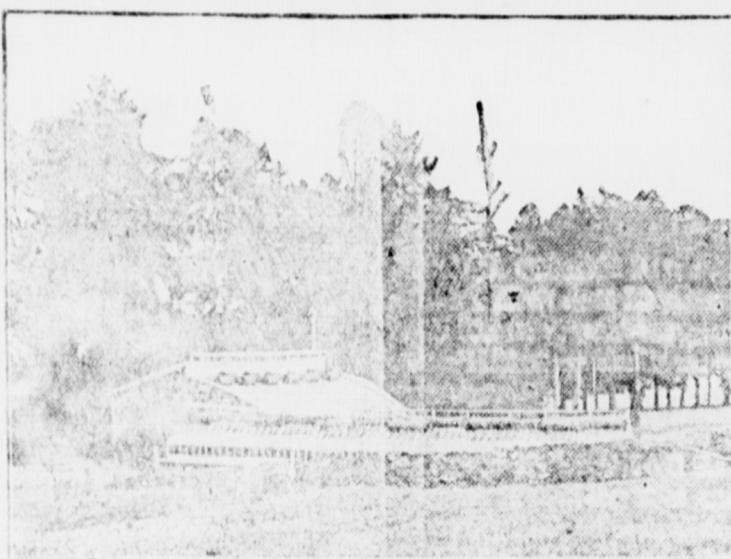


Good Road in West.

give the attention to proper road building

The HOME BEAUTIFUL

Flowers and Shrubs—
Their Care and Cultivation.



Hot Houses One of the Helps on the Flower Farm.

FLOWER FARMING FOR PROFIT

Few persons realize the enormous money value of flowers sold in the great cities of the United States. The demand for choice flowers never fails to consume all that may be offered. They must be good, though.

The city man who wishes flowers for a special decoration does not care how much they cost if they are of the best that can be grown.

Flower-farming is an agreeable occupation. But little hired help is required. The costly adjuncts of ordinary farming are not required; such as curing, drying, housing and storing all necessary in the raising of the standard farm crops.

The plants rapidly increase in value, and once a place is going it continues to increase in productive capacity with each succeeding year.

The peony is one of the hardest of plants and should be grown on the flower farm. It is a hardy plant, withstanding the most severe winters without protection.

The Chinese varieties are later in blooming than the native varieties. These are the products of centuries of crossing and have in the blooms all of the delicate shades so popular in decorative art.

They must be heavily manured to produce a profusion of flowers, and the ground must be well stirred so that it will hold moisture around the roots of the plant.

The blooms are fragrant, lasting and durable and when properly prepared can be successfully shipped 500 to 700 miles to market.

The flowers are produced one at a time and this makes it advisable to have a large number of the plants of the same variety, so that a quantity of the blooms can be cut each day in the same state of development.

The plants remain in the ground from five to seven years, when they must be taken up and divided.

If planted in the fall the peony will bloom the first season, but young plants are apt to be too quick in getting out in the spring and the buds may be injured by late frost. The older plants are more sedate and keep under cover of the ground several days longer and are rarely touched by the frost.

It costs upward of \$1,000 to produce an acre of full blooming plants.

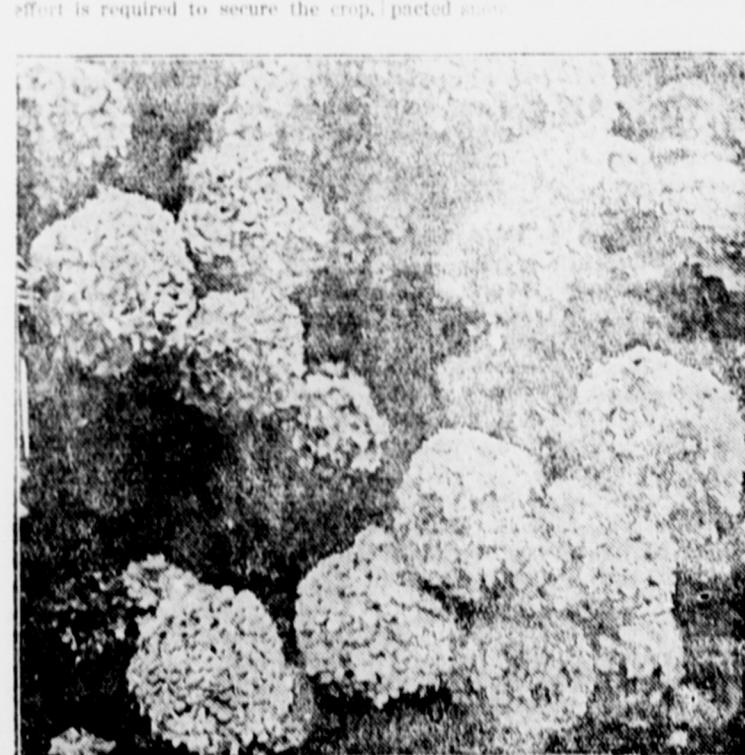
A field-grown cut flower must be large and durable. It must have a long stem and some green foliage. It must be a single flower perched on the top of the stem.

The hardy Hydrangea fills all these requirements and besides is very suitable for the field cultivation, requiring no fertilizing in ordinary trucking soil. To get results the new wood of each year's growth must be cut away and the bush made to send out new vigorous stems from the roots at the old top.

In this way a great number of flowers can be secured. One thousand bushes three years old will produce 60,000 flowers.

The blooms unfold slowly and a full month is given to cut and market the flowers.

Being nearly imperishable, no great effort is required to secure the crop.



Hydrangea Hortensis—A Fine, Healthy Shrub, Decorative and Easily Grown.

LOOKING FOR SPIES IN THE CAPITAL

WORK OF THOSE OFFICIALS WHO GUARD WASHINGTON HAS BECOME ONEROUS.

50,000 WORKERS IN CITY

Navy Yards, Bridges, Army Depots, Capitol Building and All Other Vital Points Must Be Protected Against Enemy Machinations.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington—Washington today is a zone forbidden to the trespassing foot of the alien enemy.

The capital of the country is the largest district thus far set aside as one in which no alien enemy or the age of fourteen years may loiter or reside.

Perhaps the country has no adequate conception of the trying work it is for the government officials to guard this city against the insidious machinations and overt acts of men who would like to see the United States lose the war in which it is engaged, and who would stop at no means to help accomplish such an inglorious end. It must be remembered that not alone navy yards and bridges and army depots and camps be guarded, but every department of government, indoors and out, must be sentinelized against the intrusion of the spy and the dynamiter.

So far as the safety of the country is concerned, it is largely connected with the safety of its diplomatic and military secrets. Recently 20,000 additional workers have come to Washington to take places in the departments of government. There must be added the 30,000 workers that were here before, and so now the agents of Uncle Sam have intrusted to them the difficult work of detecting in the multitude the few men or the women who, masquerading as friends, are doing the enemy's work.

Money Has Bought Spies.

It has been proved on several occasions since the United States went to war with Germany that money has been used to secure the spying services of individuals who, because of native birth or of naturalization, were supposed to be loyal to their country against all temptation. It is a comparatively easy thing for the authorities to watch men and women of German birth because their naturalization records tell at once who they are, but it is another thing for the authorities to be able to determine among the thousands of Americans of American lineage who it is that needs watching.

President Wilson, in one of his addresses to congress, spoke of the discovery of enemy agents within the offices of government. The peril is a real one, but in considerable part it was met and overcome so far as resident Washingtonians were concerned prior to the time that the District of Columbia was declared to be a military zone, but since the first searching and apprehending process, 20,000 additional persons have come to Washington and have secured government work. The labor of the detection of disaffected ones has increased in proportion.

For a long time the bridges over the Potomac river, and certain vital places in the city itself have been guarded by members of the National Guard. Many of the public buildings and offices, however, have been entrusted to the care of privately employed watchmen. These men were chosen for the work only after a rigid investigation.

Vital Places Well Guarded.

It now has been determined that the vital places in Washington shall be guarded by men sworn into the service of the government as members of the military forces. Such regulars as can easily be assigned will be used and with them will be some of the remaining National Guardsmen and beyond this it is probable that members of the various quasi organizations will be pressed into the service. The understanding is that they will be clad in the blue uniforms of peace days in the army.

The capitol has been guarded by civilians in the service of the government ever since that day two years ago when a bomb was exploded in the hallway leading to the senate chamber. Entrance to the capitol has been obtainable only through two doorways, one of the house end and the other at the senate end. The main precaution taken was to see to it that no person with a package of any kind was allowed within the doors. No attempt was made to search individuals who might enter and in a way the safe-guarding was rather a perfunctory thing.

Now things have changed and it is the intention to station guards in a pretty closely set picket line about the great building, in the hall and about other places which might attract "the dangling attention" of spies, spies or alien enemies generally.

Washington is not exactly an army camp, but it approaches one in appearance. The sight of soldiers or civilians on guard, here, there and elsewhere, would make it appear that there is little chance that any overt act against the peace of the government successfully could be committed, but it must be remembered that persons actually employed by the government, or innocent-looking individuals who on business paces can gain entrance to the departments, are really the ones in whom the "pernicious potentiality" is greatest.

NEW WAR COUNCIL TO EXPEDITE WORK

COORDINATING BODY HOPES TO BRING ABOUT UNIFYING OF CONTROL AND EFFORT.

SPEED IS THE GREAT NEED

Rough Places Further Down the Line, as in Subordinate Bureaus, Also Must Be Smoothed to Get Real Results.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington—In Washington, as perhaps elsewhere in the country, the question frequently in this time of war is "Are we getting the results that we should get from the energy expended?"

Of course coordination is the thing that is needed and one reason that the seeming need has not been emphasized more generally in the press of the country unquestionably is that most of the reporters of the news in this city have learned to overstep the proper lines of criticism, and moreover have held themselves up with the buoy of hope from day to day that a coalescing of effort would come and that matters would move more quickly toward the end of war accomplishment.

The press has carried the word that the national council of defense has announced a new and large "coordinating body" to include seven members of the cabinet and the heads of the civilian boards which concern themselves with shipping, food, fuel and war industries. Can this council bring about complete order and make out of the different elements one machine, all of whose parts will work in unison, without friction, and turn out rapidly the things needed?

In a statement made by the council of national defense this is said:

"Since the Council of National Defense, composed of Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary of the Interior Lane, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, and Secretary of Labor Wilson, represents the military aims of the government, as well as those federal executive departments dealing most directly with the vital resources of the nation, this larger co-ordinating body will work toward unification of the machinery necessary in the prosecution of the war."

Aims of New Council.

This new war council, with three cabinet members added, will deal with the larger affairs of a government engaged in war. The attempt will be to see to it that there is co-ordination of purchases for the army, navy and the allied and neutral countries; that there is quiet handling of all war supplies at home; that the direction of the industrial energies of the country be firm in method and rapid in maneuver, and that in short everyone of the great affairs of a country at war be managed without loss of time, without fear of a duplication of effort and with a view singly to getting quick results.

If such a program can be put through; if all friction such as that which developed in the shipping board, for instance, can be avoided; if no two men do the same work daily, neither one knowing that the other is doing it, and in short, if system can be made master of the situation, expedition will be the result and a weight of worry will be lifted from the minds of the officials of the administration and from those of the patriotic people.

There is another matter of co-ordination of work which is not taken into consideration in connection with this effort to secure harmony and a systematizing of effort by means of a high American war council in Washington.

Bureaus Need Attention, Too.

Things cannot move smoothly nor quickly anywhere along the line which runs from the top of things to the bottom of things unless the rough places below are smoothed as well as the rough places above.

Every man connected with this new war council is a chief of operations so to speak in his own right. He may direct that things be done in a certain way and the order will run down the line, but if it is found impossible in some of the lower official squares to make things run smoothly, the whole effort, if not lost, is delayed in its result.

There are bureaus in the war department today in which ten men are engaged at work where the work of only one man was necessary in the times of peace. Into the charge of these bureaus come daily multitudinous masses of material intended for the army and the navy and in some few instances for the pacific branches of the government.

The different branches of the war department have been run for years along certain well-defined lines. There was not a great deal of material to handle, nor was there a mass of detail to master. A few officers, trained to do the work systematically, succeeded in doing it satisfactorily. In times of peace there was no great hurry in moving material from one place to another. Now everything is changed.

When a request comes in for certain supplies of different kinds it means that they must be forwarded immediately. There are a thousand new men on the job and thus far few of them have definite information as to the exact nature of their duties. Neither is there any one man who, as should be the case, can tell instantly where those things or the other things are stored. The result is delay but there are signs that King System soon will begin his reign.

RUINED CITIES OF FRANCE

Many of Them Have Taken on a Character of Permanency, So Endless Does War Seem to People.

THINKING ALoud IN RUSSIA

Crowds Assemble on Streets to Participate in Debates Which Really Amount to Very Little.

Along the Nevsky that evening in the parks and open spaces, little herds of people were packed together as sheep crowd together under a tree on an August afternoon. In the center two persons debated, shaking their hands in each other's faces. They had been talking like that for weeks all over Russia, writes Arthur Riedel in Collier's Weekly.

All Petrograd was one big village meeting—the village habit of talking over together the village's business being transferred to the capital. And coming in late at night from the edge of town, you could see every now and then these black little clumps of people, still talking, still huddled there, vaguely pathetic, like sheep under the trees.

Any one of hundreds of excited phrases flung off in these little debating clubs might, I suppose, have sent man to jail or Siberia a generation ago. Now they could say anything, gather anywhere, because as long as they wanted, Russians have a gift for talking and a happy lack of self-consciousness in doing it. They really like to make speeches. Mr. Root, in one of the lighter moments of his stay in Petrograd, remarked that one of the tragedies of the Russian revolution was the turning loose on the world 180,000,000 orators.

Now one saw some old peasant, a giant of a man, come down with a barge of firewood from the north, perhaps, holding forth with great quaintness of phrase and gesture to an amused group of city folks. Or while one talked some expansive old fellow, in the long coat, cap and boots of the old-style merchant, would be doing a sort of comic accompaniment on the edge of the crowd, throwing out his arms and putting a "gabuchik mol" ("my little dove") between every other sentence.

Much of this talk which looks interesting—so expressive is voice and gesture—turns out to be a mere sort of thinking aloud.

Indians in the Great War.

Indians have been volunteering for service in the United States army since 1861. In 1862 Lieutenant Scott, later chief of the staff, organized and trained a troop of the Seventh cavalry, which was highly commended by the inspector general of the war department.

The Indian is trained as the Swiss train their boys, so that they may be able to fire a gun accurately and earn a living. He has all the qualities of a good soldier—endurance, patience, courage and an instinct for scouting. London Tit-Bits says,

The Canadian government recognized the great fighting ability of the many Indian nations and tribes who volunteered their services for king and country at the outbreak of the war, and there are hundreds of Indians enrolled in many of the different Canadian regiments at the front. Many have made the supreme sacrifice, among the first to fall being Lieutenant Brant of the Six Nations Indians, who was a lineal descendant of the distinguished colonial warrior, Captain Joseph Brant of Revolutionary fame.

The Strength of Woman.

"The work women are doing in this war," exclaimed a member of the railroad war board, at a banquet. "Driving ammunition trucks, digging trenches; even, as in Russia, fighting in the front line!

"Woman comes more and more to resemble Cornelius Husk's daughter, Maine. When Husky Maine, as she was known in the township, presented her future husband to the old man, Corn Husk sighed and said:

"Take her, son, but take good keer on her, for the little ladybird has been rig tender-like. Four acres a day is all I ever ask her to plow, and two acres of corn is all she's been used to hoe twixt sun-up and dark. She kin do light work, such as rail-splittin' and well-diggin', but she ain't used to rough stuff, and you must be gentle with her. I tell you, son, it's hard for the old man to give his little sunshine up. He'll have to split his own wood and tend his own stock now."

Dream Came True.

The encyclopedie Andrew Lang is responsible for the following dream record, according to Katherine Cox, writing in the Occult Review:

"A certain barrister sat up late one night to write letters, and at about 12:30 went out to put them in the post. He returned to his rooms, and while undressing for bed missed a check for a large sum, which he had received during the day. He hunted everywhere in vain, went to bed, slept, and dreamed that he saw the check curled round an area railing not far from his own door. He woke, got up, dressed, walked down the street and found his check in exactly the spot where he had seen it in his dream!"

Kipling Made "Tommy Atkins."

Rudyard Kipling has written an American story, "Captains Courageous." Kipling made "Tommy Atkins." Sir George Youngusband, who has been in the British service for forty years, declares that nobody ever heard of "Tommy" until Kipling made Private Mulvaney and the other two of the "Soldiers Three" talk about him. He says that he had asked innumerable old British officers if they ever heard of "Tommy Atkins" before Kipling wrote about him, and they all agree that they never did.

CRTTENDEN BLDG DRESS

Marion, Ky., Jan. 24, 1918.

S. M. JENKINS
Editor and Publisher

Entered as second-class matter Feb.
25, 1917, at the post office at
Marion, Kentucky, under the Act of
Congress of March 3, 1879.

ADVERTISING RATES

41.50 per year cash in advance.

Advertising Rates.

50c per inch S. C. Foreign Advertising
25 per inch S. C. Home Advertising
Repeated, add one-half rate.

Metal bases for Plates and Electrodes

Locals or Readers

5cts per line in this size type.

10cts per line in this size type

15cts. a line this size type.

Obituaries 5c per line

Cash

Cards of Thanks 5c per line

With

Resolutions of respect 5c aline

Copys

Character is power, is influence
it makes friends; creates funds,
draws patronage and support,
and opens a sure and easy way
to wealth, honor and happiness.
J. Hawes.

Quietness of manner has in it
a kind of impressive boldness,
because it seems the result of
judgment, governed more by
reason than by passion. It is
nearly always found in men of
high courage, and we see it also
among those brute animals that
have more nobility and strength
than their fellows, as the lion
and the eagle.—Castiglione.

"The key to the Temple of
World Peace is in the hand of
President Wilson," said Maxi-
milian Harden recently to an
American correspondent in Ger-
many and many people through-
out the world think that the key
was fitted in the lock when the
President re-stated America's
war aims to Congress on Jan-
uary 8th.

Taken together, remarks the
Chicago Tribune, the statements
of war aims by Lloyd George
and President Wilson are "an
un-scapable challenge to the
Governments of the Central
Powers and what perhaps is
much more important to the con-
sciences of their peoples." The
New Yorker Staats-Zeitung says
that "Germany's spokesmen have
been insistent that their op-
ponents in the war state definitely
and concretely what they are
fighting for. It is now the Central
Powers' move and they
should be equally willing to re-
state their war aims as un-
equivocally as the United States
and Great Britain have stated
theirs."

Throughout the length and
breadth of America, the Presi-
dent's speech has been warmly
applauded and endorsed. In the
capitals of the countries allied
with America in the war its re-
ception has been no less cordial.
A leading article in THE LITERARY
DIGEST for January 17th, covers four pages and
gives the result of a searching
examination of the newspaper
press of the world, including
Germany, upon America's war
aims as outlined in the Presi-
dent's message. Incidentally,
the war terms of America,
British, and Russia are shown in
three parallel columns, so that
the reader can at once balance
them. Every American should
read it.

SEVEN SPRINGS

Rev. Cunningham, of Princeton, filled his regular appointment Saturday and Sunday and preached to a very good audience considering the inclement weather.

John Thomas Campbell was in Franklin last week.

Lots of measles in this vicinity.

Wm. H. Campbell visited Edgar McKinney and family in Lyon county Sunday.

Mrs. Mamie Blakes is dangerously sick.

A little child of Floyd Stinnett, who lives near Frankfort, died and was buried at the Koon graveyard last week.

The snow has almost stopped our rural carrier, and we have irregular mail.

Mrs. Nannie Patton has been confined to her room with rheumatism for the past week.

Henry Burklow, of near Frankfort, visited Lee Travis and family Sunday. We hear of some of our public schools closing, this bad weather, but we are proud to say that our school at Boaz is still continuing with Miss Ruby Dean of Marion, at the helm.

Mrs. Matilda McClure, of Paducah, is here attending the bedside of her aged mother, Mrs. Perrian, who is very sick.

Rufus Blaker, of Frankfort, visited his son, Redford, at this place last week.

Alvin Stubblefield, of Emmaus, attended services here Sunday. Alvin said "it was a bad day but he couldn't stay away."

No boats running now in the Cumberland river on account of the blockade of ice.

Fred Bandy and wife were called to Lyon county last week on account of the serious illness of her brother, John Charles.

COAL SHORTAGE CLOSES

Chicago Packing Plants

Chicago, Jan. 14—Owing to lack of coal the huge packing plants of Armour and Swift were shut down today.

WAR WORK SERVICE

There will be War Work meeting held in the Methodist Church next Sunday afternoon, the Lord willing at 2:30 p.m. Every one that has any interest in this war is urged to attend. The various phases of war work will be discussed.

SOME WHERE IN FRANCE

By Le Roy C. Henderson

She stands alone beside the gate
Where oft with him she
stood before.

And seems to hear his voice relate
Life's sweetest story o'er and
o'er;

A hand she feels upon her own,
Unconsciously a tender glance

She gives, starts and stands
alone.

The lover sleeps—Somewhere in
France.

She could have kept him—if she
would,

His heart and soul were all her
own.

But true love knew and under-
stood.

That honor is its own true throne
She heard the bugles' blaring
sound,

And whispered, Go and take
your chance.

There mid the scenes of war he
found.

Eternal peace, Somewhere in
France.

She knows not where the spot
may be.

On barren plain, in hidden dell
On wooded hill, beside the sea

The lips that would never tell

She knows not what his last
words were.

The thoughts that come with
Deaths advance.

And yet, she feels they were of
her.

Those last fond thoughts. Some-
where in France.

JOHN WHITE & CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Liberal assortment
and full value paid
for

raw FURS

Hides and
Goat Skins



WILL DISTRIBUTE CUBAN SUGAR THROUGHTOUT WORLD

Washington, Jan. 18. President Menocal of Cuba, by decree has permitted distribution throughout the world of the entire Cuban crop by the International Sugar Committee, which works with the Food Administration, appointed by President Wilson.

The soldier boys from this neighborhood, who visited their homes during the recent holiday season, have informed us that the present army regulations required compulsory training in the art of toxic. Walter Hughes, a husky young soldier of the "Possum Ridge" vicinity, has distinguished him-

self of making a good boxer.

Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that I will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of January, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonial free.

F. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo.

Lucas County, ss.

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WESTON

The Ohio river is full of ice, at this writing, and the snow is about a foot deep on it. We have had no boats for the past month.

Miss Juliet Pope spent Tuesday night the guest of Miss Lillian Bennett.

Miss Mabel Gahagen spent Thursday night the guest of Miss Ruby Sturgeon.

Messrs. Will and Claude Franks were in our town Sunday.

Mrs. Maude Thorne is on the sick list at this writing.

Misses Juliet Pope and Ruby Sturgeon spent Saturday the guests of Misses Minnie and Beulah Walker.

A. H. Walker spent Friday with his uncle, F. S. Crider.

We were glad to hear from our old friend, M. A. Wilson. We have been watching the dear old Record-Press for a letter from you for some time, and thought you had forgotten us people in old Crittenden. Let us hear from you again.—Little Pansy.

For sale by J. H. ORME, Marion, Ky.

G. D. Paris

Notary Public et
I. C. R. R. Station.

NEW ISLANDS

Discovered In Arctic By Stefansson
Who Claims Them For

Canada

Fairbanks, Alaska, Jan. 15.—

Several new large Arctic islands were discovered north west Banksland in the spring of 1916 by Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the Arctic explorer according to Capt. A. Lane, who arrived here last night from the Arctic ocean, bringing direct news from the explorer who he says is spending the 1917-18 winter in the northern seas at Bartel Island. The explorer claimed the new lands for Canada.

It was signed by Ruby W.

Franklin, a school teacher near Hanson. Prior to taking up his duties as teacher he was clerk for the exemption board here. He is a brother of Chas. W. Franklin, attorney of the law firm of Yost and Franklin. "I am anxious to go and am ready to answer 'present' when I am summoned," he said yesterday.

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame back, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will send by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for sworn testimonials, Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Advertisement.

FORD'S FERRY

Snow—snow—never have we witnessed so much snow during any other winter that we have ever seen. Never before have such gigantic snows followed each other in such swift succession. The snow has been so deep and plentiful that it has hindered travelling and has greatly interfered with all people who are engaged in outdoor work. Nevertheless, we should not become too much down-hearted over the situation, for there is a bright side to the picture. The wheat crop is being greatly benefited by the present weather conditions and there are many indications which seem to show that the present year will witness a bumper crop of the grain—a fact which will be of almost inestimable value to the allied nations which are engaged in the great task of making the world safe for democracy.

Roe Wofford went to Marion Wednesday, in order to fix up his question-

ries.

The soldier boys from this neighbor-

hood, who visited their homes during the recent holiday season, have informed us that the present army regulations required compulsory training in the art of toxic.

Walter Hughes, a husky young soldier of the "Possum Ridge" vicinity, has distinguished him-

self of making a good boxer.

Alvah Watson and family have re-

cently moved into their new home

which Alvah has purchased from Andy

Parrish, and which is situated one

mile and a half south of Ford's Ferry.

We certainly welcome them in our

midst.

The Ohio river has been frozen over almost continuously for more than a month. We are thankful to know, however, that the great majority of the steamboats have been safely pre-

served during that period.

A small crowd of young people gathered at the residence of William Turner, Wednesday night, and participated in a delightful entertainment.

Excellent music was furnished by the Mitchel Bros., who certainly exhibited a considerable amount of skill with

their instruments. In addition to the music, a number of interesting games

were played, all of which tended to make the occasion more pleasant and attractive than it would otherwise have been.

man Saturday. "The snow is

too deep for the boy to wade through. I'd rather do without than make him."

Yes, there has been a few others like that. Mark it—, a few."

And for every one of those there have been a baker's dozen raising querulous complaint because their paper was "late" because it "had snowed on it," because it wasn't right on the doorstep when they liked to have it, and every manner of kick.

Newspapers are used to that.

Newspaper men

PERSONALS

E. L. Harpending, Notary Public

Misses Elizabeth Rochester and Mary Dollar were the guests at a house party last week given by Miss Mary Ray of Fredonia.

John L. Nunn has been selected for the Reserve Officers Training School and is now at Camp Stanley, Leon Springs, Texas.

The Barnett sale by J. W. Blue, executor, has been postponed til Tuesday, Feb. 5th, at the Tom Steamaker place 1½ miles east of Tolu.

Last week at Henderson the sprinkling system in Mann Bros. store burst, flooding the stock and building and doing several thousand dollars damage.

On account of the deep snow five grand jurors were unable to reach Henderson last Monday and Judge Dixon adjourned the grand juror for one week. If the snow drifts are passable they will meet at date named by the court.

WANTED—A few loads of heater wood 15 to 18 inches in length. James F. Price

Dr. L. F. Waters has recovered from an attack of the grippe.

Kit Butler and two children arrived here Monday from Manos, Colorado and are the guests of his brother-in-law Roy Sisco. Mr. Butler lost his wife while in the west. She was a daughter of squire L. N. Sisco and wife.

My new Sepia Browns are the latest thing in the photo business. Call and see them.

Travis Studio.

Watch for the Bulletin Board it is going to be good to look at.

Travis Studio.

Miss Ruby Hard was chosen to fill the vacancy in the Graded School faculty caused by the resignation of Miss Lena Woods who on account of her health gave up her position. The trustees at Owen school where Miss Hard was teaching have not secured a teacher to finish the term, that we have heard of.

WANTED—At once, the name of each volunteer U. S. soldier from Crittenden county; also address of soldier's family. Write or phone the above information to Ruth Croft, Chairman Marion Unit, Red Cross Division, Woman's Committee of Allied National Relief.

Watch for my new line of samples which I will display on a large bulletin board at my office soon.

Travis Studio.

Mark P. Malcom of Golden Valley, North Dakota was here last week enroute to his southern plantation in Maryland. While here he was the guest of his brother Roy Malcom. He visited his farm near Levias, on which Will Conger resides, and also his father John E. Malcom near Lola while here.

The Barnett sale by J. W. Blue, executor, has been postponed til Tuesday, Feb. 5th, at the Tom Steamaker place 1½ miles east of Tolu.

NOTICE—Sunday school at Oak Hall school house every Sunday afternoon. You are invited to come.

Representative W. F. Paris was selected by the speaker for the following committees—

"Classification of Cities and Towns."

Court of Appeals
Claims, Public Officers,
Redistricting Judicial."

The Barnett sale by J. W. Blue, executor, has been postponed til Tuesday, Feb. 5th, at the Tom Steamaker place 1½ miles east of Tolu.

The Barnett sale by J. W. Blue, executor, has been postponed til Tuesday, Feb. 5th, at the Tom Steamaker place 1½ miles east of Tolu.

A canopy of stained glass on Broadway in Paducah fell under its weight of snow, Monday and came near catching 3 people under it. It was stationed over the entrance to the Kozy theatre and was supported by 3 large chains, which snapped and allowed the Marquette to crash to the side walk. It cost over \$500, and was completely demolished.

FOR SALE—217 acres of land price \$6.50 per acre. One half cash, for terms address Roy Davis, 1-24-2t Salem, Ky.

J. Frank Conger of Ardmore, Oklahoma arrived Friday to visit friends and relatives in and around Marion.

A beautiful Red Granite monument has just been erected at the grave of Mrs. J. S. Corley in the cemetery at Sugar Grove. Although it sets back some distance in the cemetery the large raised letters permit the inscription to be easily read from the road. The work was done by Henry and Henry, Marion, Ky.

Send that soldier boy a picture of yourself and you will sure be doing something to help. Go to Travis' Studio.

Miss Effie Phillips who spent several years visiting her brother at Henrietta, Texas, returned here Saturday and will make her home with her uncle J. W. Jeffries.

The Barnett sale by J. W. Blue, executor, has been postponed til Tuesday, Feb. 5th, at the Tom Steamaker place 1½ miles east of Tolu.

Misses Mary Towery and Nell Young of Mexico were guests in the city Saturday. They came to see the County Superintendent on business and to do some shopping.

Just received a car of Horse, Mule, and Dairy feed, which we will sell close for cash.

R. F. Wheeler.

Mrs. Fannie Cook of Paducah and her handsome grandson, Alexander Kirkland who were guests of her sister Mrs. C. J. Pierce and Mr. Pierce left last week for their home.

The Barnett sale by J. W. Blue, executor, has been postponed til Tuesday, Feb. 5th, at the Tom Steamaker place 1½ miles east of Tolu.

The many friends of Miss Lena Woods will be glad to know that she is recuperating from a nervous breakdown caused from over work. She is now able to leave her room and although her improvement is slow it is sure and she will soon be out and like her self again. She will not resume teaching however this session but will take a much needed rest.

40 dresses in serges, velvets, satins and taffetas at lowest prices. Lottie Tinsley Terry

Senator C. S. Nunn who took advantage of the adjournment of the legislature to come home from Frankfort to spend the weekend and meet his many friends, left Sunday afternoon to be present at the reassembling of the legislature.

Look over our line of waists. The material new, good styles and most reasonable prices.

Lottie Tinsley Terry

Virgil Threlkeld left Sunday for Washington D. C. where he will receive his final commission for Officers training corp.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of **LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN**. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Parke-Davis & Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless Chalk Tonic.

Miss Virginia Blue has accepted a position in the Marion Bank

Virgil Y. Moore of Madisonville who was here Sunday to spend his birthday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moore, left Monday afternoon for his home.

50 coats at bargains from \$4.98 up. Excellent values will sell at cost to close out.

Lottie Tinsley Terry

The report of W. H. Copher being stricken with a slight attack of paralysis was not correct. It was his son-in-law, Mr. Orville Ferrall, husband of Miss Alta Copher. The attack was slight and their friends hope he will not suffer a recurrence of the trouble but will recuperate rapidly.

Special Bargain Prices on 89 nifty style winter coat suits. Want to close out by Feby 1st.

Lottie Tinsley Terry

W. D. Brantley of Seldon Kansas is sending us renewal for 1918, has this to say. Friend Jenkins:—You will find check enclosed for \$1.50 for the Press another year; Gosh! but we are having cold weather here. Thirty five below Zero.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

our druggist will refund money if FAZON TINCTURE fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. See

R. E. Allen of Arenzville, Ills. says—Enclosed you will find \$1.50 to pay for the Press another year. I can't get along without it. Best wishes to you all.

Red Cross News

More than 1,000,000 articles made by the women of Ohio and Kentucky have been shipped from the division warehouse at Cleveland and Ohio during the three months period ending Jan. 1st.

Next week we will publish the list. Watch for it! It will open your eyes. You have heard the lie that the women in the booths, taking memberships, got a commission.

All these stories are lies—lies originated by traitors. But they are carried sometimes by fools."

BRITISH POTATO YIELD

According to a British Board of Agriculture return, the total production of potatoes in England and Wales is estimated at 3,339,995 tons or 885,000 tons (33 per cent) more than in 1916, and is the largest crop recorded since returns were first collected in 1885. The yield per acre, 6.57 tons, is three fourths of a ton heavier than in 1916, two fifths of a ton above the average of the last ten years, and has only been exceeded four times in the last thirty years. The yield per acre of turnips and swedes is estimated at 12.55 tons are birds of a ton below average, and one and two fifths tons less than in 1916. The total production, 12,163,624 tons, 20 tons smaller than in 1916, but 350,000 tons heavier than in 1915. Mangolds are a very satisfactory crop, the total production, 8,481,578 tons being 1,140,000 tons greater than in 1916, and the yield per acre, 21.89 tons, is about 2½ times heavier than in that year and than the ten-year average.

FOR SALE

52½ acres mineral land in Crittenden County. Vein survey of 469 yards. Address Robt. L. Roberts, Waverly, Ky.

12 20-4 p.

Baker To Support Army

Chaplain Bill

Washington, Jan. 18.—Support for the bill to provide a chaplain for each 1,200 men in the army was promised by Secretary Baker today when he was waited upon by an Advisory Committee on the Moral and Religious Welfare of the Army.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Rather than make a scene the bride promises to obey.

The hand of fate is always ready to grasp an opportunity.

The way to see the virtues of trusts is to become a stockholder.

It wouldn't be so bad if your sins would not tell on you after finding you out.

A girl thinks a man is swift if he tries to flirt with her, and slow if he doesn't.

The married woman who is not sure of her own charms should employ a plain cook.—Chicago News.

ISLAND PARADISE OF BIRDS

Laysan, in Middle of Pacific Ocean, Swarms With Many Varieties of the Feathered Family.

One of the wonder spots of the world is Laysan Island in the middle of the Pacific ocean, where many thousands of birds gather year by year to lay their eggs and rear their young.

Laysan is three miles in length and two and a half miles in breadth. It is sprinkled with vegetation in the form of strong, bushy grass and some low shrubs, between which a few pigmy palms struggle for existence.

A long lagoon stretches across, filled with remarkable salt water—no fresh water exists on the island, a curious fact considering the number of land birds that make it their nesting place.

And everywhere there are birds—thousands upon thousands of albatrosses, white and brown, in great distinct colonies; vast rookeries of terns and petrels and frigate birds; countless rail run everywhere in the long grass; bright red tropical honey birds, bright yellow finches flutter in the shrubs; curlews scream, ducks quack and crake chirp all the day.

Cause for Complaint.

A policeman found four little girls charging with sticks down the basement stairs of a house on West One Hundredth street, two doors from the police station, recently. At the foot of the stairs a little negro girl was lying flat on her back and kicking her feet angrily. Those involved in the charge wore feather dusters in their coiffures and were sopranos. The dark mate at the foot of the stairs wore a partially wiped off kaiser's mustache made of starch or whiting and was decidedly an alto complainer. "What are you kids doin' here?" asked the policeman.

"We're Russian women soldiers," explained the four, "an' Viola down there is Germany. She don't want t' be Germany. It's her that's makin' all the noise."—New York Herald.

TRYING TO GET IT BACK



The Preacher—Have the races ever done anything for you?

The Sport—Well, they've made me more economical, for one thing.

Made to Measure.

A man who was much bandy-legged entered a tailor's the other day and asked to be measured for a new suit. The assistant informed him the boss wasn't in.

"Never mind; th'll do as well," answered the man, and the assistant began to measure him. When he had taken the measurements for the coat and vest he stood up, scratched his head and looked down at the man's legs.

"Wod arta looking at?" asked the man.

"Why, Aw'm lookin' at tha legs. Aw'y never measured ony body like thee afar."

"Oh, never mind my legs," said the man. "Thee measure um straight, owd lad. Aw'll bend um misel'."—Exchange.

Ironing Crepe de Chine.

To stretch a shrunken crepe de chine waist back to its original size, wash as usual, and when dry iron with warm iron. Now wrap waist in a damp towel, and in three or four hours iron up and down and then crossways. This sometimes makes the waist a trifle larger than it was at first.

Edison Phonograph For Sale.

New machine, plays either two or four minute cylinder records for sale at a bargain. Thirty records free with machine, if taken at once. Inquire at Wilbourns Grocery, near depot.

1-17-2 tp.

The Bar

The saloon is sometimes called a bar—that's true.

A bar to heaven, a door to hell, Whoever named it, named it well.

A bar to manliness and wealth,

A door to want and broken health,

A bar to honor, pride and fame,

A door to grief and sin and shame,

A bar to home, a bar to prayer,

A door to darkness and despair,

A bar to honored, useful life,

A door to brawling senseless strife,

A bar to all that's true and brave,

A door to every drunkard's grave,

A bar to joys that home imparts,

A door to tears and aching heart,

A bar to heaven, a door to hell's

Whoever named it named it well

flame.

And the gentlest of her lasses Soiled and broken, walk in shame.

If you want to know why we are fighting, Belgium has a tale to tell, How the kaiser's "cultured" legions

Came to do the work of hell, Let her hordes of homeless strangers,

Let maltreated children show; Look upon her desolation, Ask her women, and you'll know. —Chicago Herald.

Cows For Sale

Forty-six head of Jerseys 1½ to 8 years old, all be fresh in the spring.—Foster & Ordway.

117 3t.

GET OFF THE TRACK

Paducah, Jan. 20.—With his eye ever on the watch, for the going was rough, Engineer John Mulvin, bringing the Paducah-Cairo passenger train of the Illinois Central that reached union station at 9:45 o'clock Wednesday night, just this side of

Why Fear Death's Call.

Filippo Ruspoli Passing Away—
Only Natural and Good—Fears
the Unnatural.

They were discussing death, a little party of men, all of them in the best of health and the glory of living. "Man of the world, in a sense, and enjoys life to its utmost, the subject of death has introduced by the announcement that a widely-known man with whom all of them had been acquainted had passed away."

One of the party, according to the Columbus (O.) Dispatch, said he hated to think of death, that he was actually afraid to think of it. He so loved life that death seemed a terrible enemy, and he would like to escape it. But the philosopher of the party—only he was not known as a philosopher until he delivered his little preaching—said he could not understand such an attitude toward death.

"I am not afraid of anything that is natural," he said. "It is the unnatural that alarms me. It would be unnatural to live forever, and I would hate to be sentenced to such a punishment. But death is natural; I am not afraid of it."

Billions of people have died; they are dying every day. Little children have died and old men and women, and the birds and beasts all pass away, and the fishes in the streams, and every living thing upon the earth is to die. Why, then, should a great bulk of a chap like myself, one who has had and is having his time, why should I fear death?"

Not afraid of that which is natural? If only all of us could understand that the natural is good and the unnatural bad, what a splendid world it would be for everything and everybody.

CURIOUS LEGACIES ARE LEFT

Man Wills Wife a Farthing, to Be
Forwarded to Her in an Un-
stamped Envelope.

A gentleman lately left "the large eaken walking-stick, with silver head bearing verses alluding to it having been a sapling grown from an acorn planted on my great-grandfather's wedding day," to his nephew, and to his sister "the damask tablecloth with figures and armorial bearings commemorating the marriage of Louis IV, of France."

A Liverpool lady, who died lately, left to her nephew—nephews seem to be especially favored—her doormats, except parlor mats and the oilcloth in the hall. Perhaps she feared he might sell the oilcloth and go in for riotous living on the proceeds.

The will of an eccentric lady contained the following clause: "As to my sisters, nieces, nephews, brother-in-law, cousin, nothing shall come from me to them but a bag of sand to rub themselves with. None deserve even a good-bye. I do not recognize a single one of them." Dear old thing! Meantest of all, however, was the man who left his wife a farthing, with directions that it should be forwarded to her in an un-stamped envelope!—Tit-Bits.

Curious Timekeepers.

To ascertain the time at night, the Apache Indians employed a gourd on which the stars of the heavens were marked. As the constellations rose in the sky, the Indian referred to his gourd and found out the hour. By turning the gourd around he could tell the order in which the constellation might be expected to appear.

The hill people of Assam reckon time and distance by the number of quids of betel-nuts chewed. It will be remembered how, according to Washington Irving, the Dutch colonial assembly was invariably dismissed at the last puff of the third pipe of tobacco of Gov. Wouter Van Twiller.

A Montagnais Indian of Canada will set up a tall stick in the snow when travelling ahead of friends who are to follow. He marks with his foot the line of shadow cast, and by the change in the angle of the shadow the on-coming party can tell, on arriving at the spot, about how far ahead the leader is.

Flowers of the States.

Twenty-six states of the Union have adopted state flowers—official or formally agreed upon emblems. Massachusetts is not one of them, although there is a sort of growing idea, amounting almost to common consent, that the trailing arbutus is our state flower, says the Boston Transcript. If it is, we have that emblem in common with the province of Nova Scotia, Connecticut has a legally adopted flower, and it is in many respects the finest possessed by any state in the Union. It is the mountain laurel. There are flowers more beautiful than our laurel of the woods, but its bloom is so easily conventionalized, so bright and so decorative, that it is peculiarly fitted for emblematic purposes.

Time to Work Hard.

When fortune begins to smile upon you it is the time you will have to spunk up most. Then it is that most folks begin to take it easy—and fail. Getting into the public eye is a challenge to make good. There are thousands of others in the same business. You must surpass them or remain one of the crowd. If the place you occupy gets crowded you must spunk up a little more. Put on a little more steam, a little more brains and push are needed. Maybe the other fellow is at his limit now. Keep on pushing to the front. The courage with which you strive will receive its reward. Work with brain and hand and the victory is bound to be yours.—Pennsylvania Grit.

Experimenting.

On entering Milliken's room one day his friend, Pingley, found him thumping the piano with all his might and causing the most discordant noise from the instrument. "What in the name of all that is good are you playing?" asked Pingley. "I am trying to play a score of Wagner's," replied Milliken. "But the score is upside down," said Pingley. "That's true," said Milliken. "I had it the other way up at first, but couldn't make head or tail of it, so I thought I might succeed in this way!"

Stucco for Renovating House.

Many men will "spice up the old place" when they will not tear down and rebuild. Sometimes it is sentiment, sometimes economy. Renovation can do a lot more than improve the looks of the house. Remodeling and overcoating with stucco make the walls fire-resistant—lowering insurance premiums and increasing safety. It makes the home easier to heat in winter, cooler in summer, and often lowers the cost of repairing or repainting.

"Listening In" in Egypt.

Mohammedans in Egypt are "listening in." The attendance is steadily increasing, and one Sunday four Mohammedan professors were at the preaching service and 15 Mohammedan boys came to the Sunday school for the first time. Their fathers stood outside the window to ascertain what the teaching might be. A number of them were thus listening out of doors.—The Christian Herald.

No "Short Change" Here.

An automatic change calculator, which pays out correctly the difference between one dollar and the amount of purchase, is being used in banks, stores, et cetera. The new change maker saves time as well as mistakes, for the change is paid directly to the customer. The cashier merely presses a key marked with the amount of purchase.

Vyno's First Blunder.

Louis Vyno was born in sunny Italy. When entering a Winnipeg school at the age of fifteen he was required to fill out an information slip giving name and other personal facts. He was a bright boy and made no mistakes until he came to the line marked "born," followed by a blank space. In this Louis wrote down very neatly the one word, "yes."

Use Language Carefully.

Men should not say more about their neighbors in their absence than they would say to them if they were present. This is safe from a standpoint of future tranquility and it is sound ethics. The same holds true with writing communications for publication. Whatever cannot be said over your signature should not be said at all.—Exchange.

Lumber Preservative.

It has recently been discovered that gum lumber when immersed in pure gummed spirits of turpentine lasts many years longer when exposed to open air. The usual method of treating the lumber is to give it three coatings and allow it to thoroughly dry after each one.

Where Happiness Is Found.

Somebody says that happiness is always where we find it, but seldom where we look for it. This may be a good epigram, but not good philosophy for the farm. There we find happiness where we look for it.—Exchange.

As Wise as Anybody.

After Aunt Fanny had vainly striven to convince Walter that he was in the wrong she exclaimed: "Walter, I guess I know a few things!" "So do I," was his answer. "I know as few things as anybody."

New Thermometer.

Thermometers have been invented by a Kentucky physician on which the scale begins with zero at the freezing point and is divided into 100 parts until the normal human body temperature is reached.

Just Pork Chops.

Donald often goes to the store with his mother, who is a frugal buyer. One day he went alone to the butcher's. "I want free pork chops," he said, "but no bones, or fat, or lean."

No Right to Crow.

Bettie, who was spending a few weeks in the country, heard a rooster crowing one morning, and stamped her foot angrily, exclaiming: "Oh, you shut up; you don't lay any eggs!"

Man Who Saves.

The fellow who has \$200 in the bank is just that much richer than the chap who has to borrow \$5 from his neighbor, but expects some day to have a fortune.

Value of Happiness.

Make persons happy and there will not be half the quarreling or a tenth part of the wickedness there is.

Just Their Way.

"Some men," said Uncle Eben, "is so good natured dat dey kin impose on most anybody."

NOTICE

The subscription price of the Crittenden Record Press is now \$1.50 per annum, 8 months \$1.00 4 months 50cts On account of the change which is necessary, we will discontinue all papers, not paid for, until renewals come in.

WAR DEPARTMENT MAKES URGENT CALL

Wires Draughon Graduates Offer ing Big Salaries.

The telegrams below speak for themselves:

(Copy of Telegram.)

Washington, D. C.—Miss Elizabeth J. Laws, Nashville, Tenn.: Appointment as clerk [stenographer] at eleven hundred dollars per annum in office Surgeon-General's War Department, tendered you. Telegraph immediately, Government expense, your acceptance or declination. If accepted, report person earliest possible date, room 506 Mill Building.

(Signed) NINAS, Clif Clark.

(Copy of Telegram.)

Washington, D. C.—Miss Laura B. Bridge, Nashville, Tenn.: If willing to accept appointment clerk (1 pist) even hundred dollars per annum, with assurance of early promotion if merited, in War Department, report for duty Civilian Personnel Division, 1233 F Street, as soon as practicable. Wire when you can report.

(Signed) CROZER.

Hundreds of other Draughon graduates have recently accepted office positions with the Government.

You can take the Draughon Training as well as in our college, and at least six or eight months.

GOVERNMENT AP.

PEALS TO WOMEN.

Ho. John A. Melhearn, President of the United States Civil-Service Commission, in a late letter to Draughon's College, says that it is duty of women, who cannot take up arms in the defense of the country, to take training that will fit them for office positions with the Government, and that the demand for Government office assistants will continue indefinitely.

SALARY, \$300.00 A MONTH.

R. H. WILKINSON, Manager of Boom Clothing Company, Louisville, Ky., writes: "While clerking at \$25.00 a month, I took, BY MAIL, the Draughon Bookkeeping Course. On com-

FISH IS A SPLENDID FOOD

Rich in Protein, Mineral Salt and Phosphorus—State Fish Cause Ptomaine Poisoning.

Under the heading of sea food come fish, shellfish, crabs, lobsters, clams and oysters.

Fish may be divided into two classes—fresh and salt water. Some well-known varieties of fresh-water fish are white fish, black and rock bass, perch, lake, mountain and brook trout, cod, haddock, halibut, flounder, smelts, salmon, bluefish, mackerel and sand are of the sea.

Fish is rich in protein, mineral salt and phosphorus. It spoils very quickly and so must be used while in perfect condition. It is easy to digest, especially when boiled. Fish must be firm, particularly along the backbone. The gills should be red and bright, the eyes full and clear. Discard the fish with sunken eyes. Stale or decayed fish causes ptomaine poison.

Crabs and lobsters are coarse feeders, with flesh that is coarse in texture and hard to digest. They spoil rapidly after death; crabs must be alive when cooked, and live lobster is as necessary. Do not use them if they are dead. Ptomaine poisoning is sure to follow.—The Journal.

A TEST OF STRENGTH



ROAD BUILDING

TIME FOR DRAGGING ROADS

Much Depends on Character of Road Material—No Exact Rule Will Fit All Cases.

If clay is mixed with water and "puddled" and then allowed to dry a hard, almost waterproof, and nearly dustless material is formed. If a smooth, well shaped road could be constructed of this material it would never become very muddy or very dusty, and would be an ideal earth road. Under ordinary conditions this ideal is not realized, because, after being puddled the earth dries in ruts and holes which are rough while dry and which hold water like dishes when it rains. If the muddy road, after

crusts and lobsters are coarse feeders, with flesh that is coarse in texture and hard to digest. They spoil rapidly after death; crabs must be alive when cooked, and live lobster is as necessary. Do not use them if they are dead. Ptomaine poisoning is sure to follow.—The Journal.

being puddled by the horses' hoofs and wagon wheels, can be smoothed out and properly shaped before drying then the ideal is attained, and this smoothing and shaping is the work accomplished by the road drag. The water standing in pools and puddles is spread out over a larger surface so that it dries quickly, the minute holes or pores in the clay are smeared over and closed, making the surface more nearly waterproof; the ruts and holes are gradually filled up and made smooth, and just enough earth is moved toward the middle to give the proper crown. The result is a smooth, hard, well-shaped road which will shed water and never becomes very muddy. In wet weather or very dusty in dry weather.

From the glass's extension it can readily be seen that dragging should be done when the road is wet, or at least when it is moist. The exact time to drag any given road will depend upon the character of the road material, and no exact rule can be given which will fit all cases. If traffic can be kept off from the dragged portion for awhile then the road may be dragged when it is very wet and sloppy, but if wagons are going to follow right behind the drag, making deep ruts as soon as the old ones are filled up, the dragging must be deferred until the road has partly dried out. Good judgment and experience on the part of the operator will soon tell him what is the best time to drag any given road. Roads which dry out quickly must be dragged immediately after a rain, while others may be allowed to dry for several days before being dragged. Dragging a dry road simply makes it dusty. Dragging should be done, if possible, after every rain, and as soon thereafter as conditions are right.

SURFACING THE FARM ROADS

Materials Ordinarily Used in Building Roads Are Too Expensive—Few Good Suggestions.

Many of the materials ordinarily employed in road construction will be found too expensive for use in improving the farm roads. One or more of the following will, however, usually be found available and within the means of the farmer for surfacing his roads and paths: gravel, mixtures of sand and clay, cinders, brickdust from old buildings, brickyard waste and quarry waste. The material selected should, however, be hard enough to withstand crushing under heavy loads and possess sufficient binding power to compact well and maintain a firm, hard surface under all ordinary weather conditions.

IMPROVE ROADS AND DRIVES

Where Any Considerable Amount of Hauling is Necessary Surface Improvement is Needed.

Roads and drives immediately around the farmyard and barns which are used very frequently are usually of sufficient importance to warrant some surface improvement. Very light or extremely sandy soils cut up badly in dry weather, while certain heavy and absorbent soils become very sticky and soft during the rainy season. Where any considerable amount of hauling is necessary, roads over soils or on character may require to be surfaced.

\$300,000,000 Lost Yearly.

The farmers of the United States have been allowing \$300,000,000 in real money to escape from their pockets each year because of poor roads, according to the testimony of experts who made a survey of the effect of bad roads upon markets for the department of agriculture.

Building Plank Road. For the sake of economy and convenience, a plank road constructed of portable parts is being laid across the California desert.

C. A. Adams

MARION

Sells the Champion Cream Saver

THE NEW DE LAVAL

THERE is no machine in which proper lubrication is more vitally important than it is in a cream separator. A separator that is not properly oiled will turn hard and soon wear out.

The old-fashioned method of filling through a number of little holes with a squirt-can was unsatisfactory for the reason that some users would oil too much and too often, while others would not oil often enough.

The NEW De Laval is automatically oiled

You don't have to fuss around with a squirter can. Simply place the new De Laval separator on top of the milk-distributing device, and it automatically takes care of the oiling. It is the right amount of oil at the right moment, just as the milk comes along.

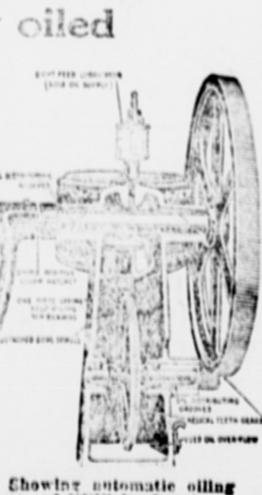
The automatic oiling system saves time and saves trouble, makes the machine run easier and adds years to its life.

The De Laval cream separator has been greatly improved by the addition of the NEW De Laval of an automatically oiled bearing and the consequent simplification of the tube that formerly carried oil to this most important part.

There has never been a cream separator that embodied so many improvements as the NEW De Laval.

The new self-oiling bowl with its improved milk-distributing device, and the bell speed-indicator are two of the greatest improvements that have ever been made in cream separator construction.

Come in and see the NEW De Laval.



DRUMMER WAS IN TERRIBLE CONDITION

Says He is Much Better Now After Taking Vin Hepatica

"You can go the limit in saying what you please about me," says D. M. Bowers, a well-known Nashville salesman, to the Vin Hepatica expert. "I am so much better than I ever thought I could be after the awful experience I have had for years with my stomach. I was in such a terrible condition that I just couldn't hold anything on my stomach. Nothing would satisfy me. I suffered so terribly at times that I almost wished I didn't have a stomach. But I want to say to you right now that Vin Hepatica has so completely relieved me that I can eat anything without the least fear of it upsetting my stomach."

"And if anybody asks you," said he, at the Arcade Drug Store, "what I think of Vin Hepatica, you can just go to the limit. Anything that will do a fellow as much good as Vin Hepatica did me in my almost unbearable condition is worthy of the highest praise that mortal tongue can give it."

We strongly recommend this great Nature remedy. Come and get a bottle and try it, on our recommendation. We know it is a real medicine of the highest merit.

Sold By
J. H. ORME
MARION, KY.

GOSSIPERS PLENTIFUL

There is nothing so handicaps a town, growth and people's happiness, as the common gossip. Just why one person desires to meddle into the affairs of others and carry news from door to door, is one of the unsolved mysteries. Far better would it be if a town had none of this class.

There are so many subjects for profitable discussion, it would seem that men and women with sense could find some time to employ their minds, which would improve the community instead of engaging always in gossiping and hurting the community in which they live. No gossip will admit that he is one because he knows that gossiping is a form of insanity.

Is there yet a foul and filthy mind still among us which would rather destroy character than to help build a good community interest? After the gossip has succeeded in ruining a man or woman has such a one no remorse of conscience? Probably if the individual character of the gossip could be uncovered it would be as black as midnight in Egypt. The individual who has no higher ambition in life than to hurt in stead of heal is living in aimless and worthless life. Let the gossip quit!—Smithland Enterprise.

Dr. Gilchrist

Instruments for examining conditions inside as well as outside of the eye. Glasses scientifically fitted. Prices reasonable. Office: Paris Bldg., Marion, Ky.

Below Farmers Bank.

Oklahoma City Facing Deprivation of Coal And Gas Service.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Jan. 15.—After the capital's worst storm in 15 years and lowest temperature in eight years, this city faces increasing privation and hardship, owing to the fact that practically the entire supply of retail dealers' coal is exhausted and the gas service being given is pronounced the worst since the system was installed, being inadequate for the city's heating and cooking purposes.

The city shovels itself out although few persons ventured out. The traction company maintains an irregular service. Few trains arrive.



ROAD BUILDING

HIGHWAYS ON PACIFIC COAST

Interesting Figures Secured by California Experts on Pull Required to Move Wagon.

An energetic and influential organization on the Pacific coast, the California State Automobile Association, has carried on some investigations affording definite figures of the value of good roads. It secured the help of Prof. J. B. Davidson of the University of California and Austin P. Fletcher, state highway engineer, in carrying on a large number of tests of the pull required to move a standard farm wagon loaded to make the gross weight 6,000 pounds. This wagon was hauled in some cases by a two-ton truck and in other cases by a team of good draft horses, weighing about 1,600 pounds each.

Tests have shown that a pull of 27 to 30 pounds per ton of gross load was needed to haul the wagon on unsurfaced concrete roads. When the concrete was surfaced with oil and screenings the pull was increased to about 50 pounds. About 65 pounds were needed for hauling on water-bound macadam and on bituminous concrete laid on top of cement concrete. On good gravel roads a pull of 65 to 82 pounds was needed, while on loose gravel the pull was 263 pounds, the highest record in any of the tests. About 80 pounds were required for hauling on bituminous macadam. On earth roads 92 pounds were required for hauling over a good surface covered with 1½ inches of loose dust, 99 pounds over an ordi-



Read Through California Forest.

nary dirt road with dust 3 inches deep in places, and 218 pounds over a muddy earth road.

The significance of these figures lies in the fact that on a good earth road it is necessary to exert three times the pull that is required on a concrete road, and nearly twice the pull required on a macadam road. Furthermore, when the earth road becomes muddy, a condition which does not affect traffic on good pavements, the pull is more than doubled.

ROADS INDEX OF CHARACTER

Determine Importance of Country, Limiting or Aiding Its Advance—Should Be Built.

The roads are an index of the character of any country, determining its importance and limiting or aiding its advance. A country that isn't worth a good road isn't worth what its land sells for and soon won't be worth living in. No community that has ever improved its roads, has ever regretted it, for road improvement is a good investment for any community. Since the roads are for all the people, they should be built by all the people—with state and federal aid.

MOTOR TRAFFIC IS GREATER

Significant Feature of Road Development in Construction of Better Surfaces.

A most significant feature of road development is the construction of better surfaces as a result of automobile traffic, for it is estimated that there are approximately 2,500,000 autos in use on the roads of the country, or one car for every mile of road. The motor traffic is greater than traffic of all kinds 12 years ago.

Urge Permanent Roads.

That road-building along permanent lines should be prosecuted as a part of our national war program was the determination of the chamber of commerce of the United States, at its meeting held at Atlantic City, N. J.

Roads Expand in Winter.

Concrete roads expand most in winter and contract most in summer, according to the United States bureau of standards, because of increases or decreases in the moisture they contain.

Rheumatism Yields

Only rheumatic sufferers know the agony of its darting pains, aching joints or twisting cords. But some few have not known that

SCOTT'S EMULSION

has been correcting this trouble when other treatments have utterly failed.

Scott's is essentially blood-food in such rich, concentrated form that its oil gets into the blood to alleviate this stubborn malady.

Get a bottle of *Scott's Emulsion* or advise an ailing friend. *No alcohol.*

Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which makes it pure and palatable.

Scout & Sonne, Bloomfield, N. J. 17-22

PYCUSBURG

L. D. Lewis, Freeman Ragan and Robt. Ramey were in Marion last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Ragan and little daughter, Mildred, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Ramey, of Crider.

Henry Smith, of Tilene, was in town Friday.

Miss Glenn Graves, who has been ill with tonsilis for the past two weeks, is slowly recovering.

W. E. Charles and family moved to their farm near here Friday and Saturday.

Miss Imogene Bennett, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. B. Wadlington, for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Smithland Tuesday.

The Sir. John L. Lowery has been making daily trips from Paducah to Iuka for the past week.

Wharton Ferguson and family have the measles.

Sam Ball was in Paducah Thursday.

F. O. Devors, who has been ill for several days, is convalescent.

The Str. Dispatch has been laid up at the wharf from the loss of her wheel since Christmas, will soon be back in the trade.

Nolin Moneymaker and family have moved to Henry Owen's farm.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Marion Peek, a girl, son, on the 12th.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful...," she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs... I felt helpless and discouraged... I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Read the Bible While You Can

By REV. HOWARD W. POPE
Moody Bible Institute,
Chicago

TEXT—Remember now thy creator in the days of thy youth—Ecclesiastes 12:1.

It was a wise man who said, "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth, while the evil days come not, nor the years draw nigh, when thou shalt say, I have no pleasure in them." A striking illustration of the value of this advice came to our notice not long ago. We were calling on a lady who had passed her eightieth birthday. She married a Christian man and was a regular church attendant for probably forty years. Indeed she sang in the choir for many years and heard only good Gospel preaching.

She always enjoyed a good sermon and could give an excellent description of it to those who were not present. She was fond of attending Bible conferences and revival meetings, and entered heartily into the aim and spirit of such services. But she never formed any definite habit of Bible reading; indeed she was not a great reader of anything, except the daily papers. She liked to hear other people expound the Bible, but she would not, or at least did not, read it much for herself.

As old age came upon her, the friends and relatives of early life naturally scattered and died. Her family was all gone, except a devoted daughter with whom she lived. However, all her needs were supplied, as well as the comforts of life.

Lonely and Troubled.

As her daughter was obliged to be away during the day, and she was living in a large city, she was naturally somewhat lonely, but loneliness was not her chief trouble. I found that she had no definite assurance of salvation. She was full of doubt and uncertainty as to the future. She knew the Gospel, but could not seem to grasp it. She prayed, but she had no assurance that God heard or answered her. The Bible afforded her no comfort, for she hardly knew where to find the passages which she needed, and if another found them for her, they did not sound real and true to her ears, so dull of hearing. She had lost her capacity to enjoy spiritual truth.

She had neglected to store her mind with Bible truth while she was young, and now, when it should have been her daily comfort and chief joy, she had lost her capacity to enjoy it. Had she formed habits of Bible reading in youth as David did, she would now have been familiar with it, and David's experience would have been hers. "The Lord is my Shepherd, I shall not want. He maketh me to lie down in green pastures; he leadeth me beside the still waters. He restoreth my soul. Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil; for thou art with me. Thy rod and thy staff they comfort me." Hers was an old age without a staff, and almost without a God.

How sad is old age without a Saviour, earthly props failing, and no everlasting arm to lean on; forced to leave this world with no hope of heaven!

Old Age Beautified by Faith.

How beautiful is old age when cheered by the presence of the blessed comforter! Grateful for the mercies of the past, it refuses to believe that anything's not a mercy which God permits. The future is full of hope, for we realize that more and more the earthly shall disappear out of our lives, and more and more the heavenly shall come in, until at last we shall "awake in his likeness" and be satisfied.

Growing Old Happily.

Far from the storms that are lashing the ocean,
Nearer each day to the pleasant home light;
Far from the waves that are big with commotion,
Under full sail and the harbor in sight.

Growing old cheerfully
Cheerful and bright.

Far all the winds that were adverse and chilling,
Far all the islands that lured thee to rest;

Far all the currents that wooed thee unwilling
From the port and the land of the blast.

Growing old peacefully,
Peaceful and blest.

Rich in experience angels might covet,

Rich in a faith that has grown with the years;

Rich in a love that grew from and above it,

Soothing thy sorrows and hushing thy fears,

Growing old richly,
Loving and dear.

Eyes that grow dim to the earth and its gloom,

See but the brighter the heavenly glow;

Ears that are dull to the world and its story,

Drink in the songs that from Paradise flow,

All the sweet recompense,

Youth cannot know.

"We all are tall enough to reach God's hand. The angels are no taller."

God ever speaks to a receptive mind.

TO RESIST THE ATTACK

of the germs of many diseases such as Grip, Malaria, means for all of us—fight or die. These germs are everywhere in the air we breathe. The odds are in favor of the germs, if the liver is inactive and the blood impure.

What is needed most is an increase in the general fighting strength. To do this successfully you need to put on healthy flesh, renew the liver to vigorous action, with the result that the germs and multiply the body so that there will be a weak spots, or soil for germ-growth.

We claim for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery that it does all this in a way peculiar to itself.

It cures troubles caused by torpid liver or sluggish bowels.

We quote Dr. Pierce: "This is to certify that I have used Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for my two little boys. One had night sweats, poor appetite, yellow complexion, and had not been growing, but after giving him, part of a bottle of the 'Discovery' he commenced to gain and grow. He doesn't have the night sweats and looks much better. My other little boy had scrofula and the medicine cured him after the doctor's medicine had failed. I do not hesitate to recommend the 'Discovery' at all times."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are unequalled as a Liver Pill. *One tiny, sugar-coated Pellet a Dose.* Cure Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and derangements of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

MIDWAY

Worth Boisture visited his father the latter part of last week, as his brother, Price, was in a furlough.

We are glad to know that M. E. Fobs and family are well pleased with their new home. Didn't any one handle Christmas toys this time in Marion. We did miss them.

Dezie Hill and family visited at the home of Martha Sigler Thursday night and attended prayer meetings.

Cordie Sigler visited Misses Stiles and Fannie Rice Friday.

Marion Lady Buys Liberty Bonds With Operation Money

"I have been busy saving up money for an operation for gall stones which my physician advised in my case. Since taking one bottle of May's Wonderful Remedy it looks as though I can safely use this money to buy Liberty Bonds. I suffered for years with colic attacks and bloating." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and relieves the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.

HAYNES & TAYLOR.

Roof Of Big Garage In Mayfield Collapses

Mayfield, Jan. 15—The roof of the big Vaughn & Nall garage located near the postoffice, collapsed at 1:30 o'clock Monday afternoon from the weight of the big snow. Nine automobiles stored on the second floor of the garage were wrecked entailing a loss of \$6,000. Damage to the building, which was a modern brick garage, will amount to several thousand dollars. No one was injured as the occupants of the building were all on the ground floor in the office at the time the roof fell in.

Finds Two Pearls, Worth \$140, In Stomach Of Fish

Armore, N. Y.—Howard Quincy of Armore, caught several perch in the Kensico reservoir and found in the stomach of one two pearls, for which a New York jeweler offered \$140.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure.

E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. \$2.00.

Phone 289

Veterinarian

Prepare now and immunize your herd against black-leg and hemorrhagic septicemia in cattle; White Scours in calves; Navel ill in colts; Cholera in hogs;

Also see me about White diarrhea in young chicks;

Bowel ailments and blackhead turkeys

How to Know, Prevent and Cure Quickly



A

\$6.00

LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL

Daily By Mail

(Not Sunday)

and

CRITTENDEN RECORD-PRESS

Your Home Paper and the Best Known Daily News-paper of This Section.

An Excellent Combination!

Subscription orders at this combined rate may be sent to the office of the Crittenden Record-Press or to Carliss Grubbs, the Courier-Journal Agent.

Diploma Examination

The first examination for State Diploma, will be held January 25-26.

This examination is held for the benefit of those completing the Common School Branch. All who make a grade of seventy-five percent will receive a diploma from the State Department of Education, which will entitle to free tuition in the County High School, or the State Normal. Those who expect to take this examination, should come to my office, Friday morning Jan. 25.

Jas. L. F. Paris,
County Supt.

HIGH SCHOOL NEWS.

It's an ill wind that blows nobody good. So when the school officials learned that the stores would be closed Monday by order of the fuel administration they sent special invitations to the business men of the town to attend Chapel Monday morning. A number of men who have always had Monday as their busy day availed themselves of this opportunity to visit the school.

The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Harlin, pastor of the Christian Church. Prayer was offered by Rev. Short of the Methodist Church and by Rev. Trotter of the Baptist Church.

Interesting and encouraging talks were made by Mayor Dodz, Prof. Boyd and by Mr. W. D. Cannan, Chairman of the school board. Monday morning will be special day for all those interested in the school. You are urged to attend Chapel every Monday. Special program will be provided. Come see what your school is doing. There is a welcome for you.

Katherine Reed of the Senior class has been absent for some time because of sickness in the family.

Ruth Hill has returned to school after being absent several days because of the illness of her mother.

John Ed Young who has been boarding in Marion since the deep snow fell, went home Friday afternoon and returned Sun-

day.

Johnson Postleweight, a faithful member of the Junior Class, shoveled snow about six feet deep in order to get to school last Friday.

Raymond Moss missed several days last week on account of illness.

Louise Young is boarding in Marion now.

Iva Bigham has returned to school after being absent for about a week, because the snow was so deep she could not get here.

Corinne Franklin spent this week end with her parents.

Life At Camp Taylor

Life in the army is simply expressed in a little prose poem that is going the rounds at Camp Taylor, as follows:



"Would you like me to play football dear?"

"Yes; maybe you'll get that nose of yours straightened out."

No Way Out.
Too proud to beg, too honest to steal,
I'd make shrink
But there's nothing left, I feel.
Save work.

Readjustment.
"What are your reasons for wanting to get out of public life?"

"Well," replied Senator Sorghum, "this is the era of brand-new talent, I thought maybe it might be a good idea for me to retire for a while and see if I can't get a reputation for inexperience."

The Difference.
She—There is no doubt about it that marriage has improved your manners, dear.

He—How so?
She—Well, you frequently get up and offer me a chair now. Before we were married you never gave me more than half of it.

The Right Advice.
"What do you suppose Miss Pert said when I asked her if I was in the market for matrimonial consideration?"

"What did she say?"

"That I must go to Par before she could take any stock in my proposition."

Appeal to a Dry Constituency.
"Did you ever make any temperance speeches?"

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum, "Did they help anybody?"

"I should say so. They helped me to get elected."

PROBABLY NOT



"I think we could be very happy together."

"But do you think we could be as happy as we could apart?"

Different.
"He can't get blood from a turnip." When a collector calls, says Will. But the persistent mosquito can When he presents his bill.

Unappreciated.
The Victim—You said you could give my hair an artistic cut and you've made me look like a wild man."

The Tonsorial Artist—I fear you know nothing of art. I'm an insur-

gent.

Qualifying.
"This man says his character is spotless. Is that so?"

"In a measure. It is so black you couldn't see a spot on it if it were

there."

HOW IT HAPPENED.

With the easy grace of those who are accustomed by long habit, we swung and swayed upon an East Cleveland street car. As we chattered pleasantly with our next strap neighbor, a man sitting near us arose and offered his seat to a lady. And then we commented to our new neighbor.

"I've been riding on this line for eight years," we said, "and I have never given up my seat to a lady."

"Then you have never had any manners," snubbed our friend, severely.

"Not so," we answered, "I have never had any seat."

How easily one is misunderstood in this cruel world!

Exhausted.

After telling the story of the wanderings of the Israelites in the wilderness a teacher the other day asked:

"When at last after forty years they found themselves out of the wilderness, what would they be?"

She expected the answer that they would be old men and women, but a little girl who put up her hand promptly replied:

"Out of breath."

PROBABLY



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BREEDING DOGS WITH WOLVES

Darwin's Belief Was That Domestic Canines Represent Several Races of the Wild Animal.

In "The Origin of the Species" Darwin expressed the opinion that the dog was originally descended from the wolf. He was inclined to think that in different parts of the globe man had tamed the particular species of wolf which would be found there, and that our domestic dogs, therefore, represent not one but several races of the wild animal, writes R. B. Townsend in the Westminster Gazette. It has long been known that dog and wolf will interbreed freely. Buffon, for example, tells us that he made such a cross successfully. Indeed, in Russia the Tsars long kept up a fierce pack of hounds for wolf hunting in which a strong strain of wolf was evident. Unfortunately, a few years ago the little daughter of a huntsman, crossing their kennel alone, stumbled and fell, and the savage brutes set upon her and devoured her on the spot. The indignant tsar had the whole pack destroyed.

Even in England the cross with the wolf has been resorted to for other hounds in order to increase the courage and strength of jaw of the dogs. But as the first cross proved rather too wild and uncertain in temper for safe handling, the masters of other hounds have always crossed back again and again to the dog till there remained perhaps only one sixtieth of wolf blood, or even less.

This fact establishes the fertility of the hybrid between the wolf and the dog when bred back to one of the original parents, but so far there has been no evidence to show how far the hybrids would be fertile when bred together continuously. Recently, however, in the present century, this has been tested by Dr. Alarie Behm of the Stockholm zoological gardens, who has given a brief account of the results obtained by him.

CRUEL JOKE ON A SQUIRREL

Naturalist Replaces Nuts With Stones
—Repents When He Sees Hungry
Frisky Dig Snow Away.

Most squirrels keep two or more stores of food. Rev. J. G. Wood, the naturalist, tells of a friend who found one of these reserve stores, which a squirrel had provided for an emergency and, in a moment of thoughtlessness, the man determined to play a joke on the squirrel. He accordingly replaced the nuts by small, round stones and carefully concealed all evidences of his visit.

One cold day in winter he passed the spot and found that the squirrel had called there a short time previously. This he knew by the fact that ten inches of snow had been scratched from the top of the hole, outside of which the stones had been cast by the disappointed animal.

This struck the joker with remorse. He said: "I never felt the folly of practical joking so much in my life. Fancy the poor little fellow, nipped with cold, and scanty food, but foreseeing a long winter, resolved to economize his little hoard as much as possible. Fancy him at last determined to break this—perhaps his last—magazine, and cheerfully brushing away the snow, fully confident that a good meal awaited him as the reward of his cold job, and after all finding nothing but stones. I never felt more mean and ashamed in my life."

Antiquity of Nursery Rhymes.

"Sing a Song of Sixpence" is as old as the sixteenth century. "Three Blind Mice" is found in a music book dated 1699. "The Frog and the Mouse" was licensed in 1580. "Three Children Sliding on the Ice" dates from 1630. "London Bridge Is Falling Down" is of "unfathomable" antiquity. "Boys and Girls Come Out to Play" is certainly as old as the reign of Charles the Second, as is also "Lucy Locket Lost Her Pocket," to the tune of which the American song, "Yankee Doodle" was written. "Pussy Cat, Where Have You Been?" is one of the age of Queen Bess. "Little Jack Horner" is older than the seventeenth century. "The Old Woman Tossed in a Blanket" is of the reign of James the Second, to which monarch it is said to allude.

Different.

A Philadelphia dentist had the nerve to publish a picture of Washington with this statement underneath:

"Our first president owed his wonderful health to sound teeth."

I assume that the dentist knows more about teeth than he knows about history, writes a correspondent in the Philadelphia Ledger. Washington's teeth were his one physical defect. They amounted almost to a wild blemish when he smiled, and one sour critic of our first president who knew him well said the reason he so rarely laughed was his dislike to showing the ravages of decay in his mouth.

Polarity Indicator.

An ordinary potato may be used to tell which is the positive and which is the negative terminal of a circuit. Insert the two current-carrying wires into the freshly-cut surface. A green stain, due to dissolved copper, indicates the positive wire. If both wires are surrounded by dark-colored stains the current is alternating. If you haven't a potato handy, place both terminals in water. Bubbles will collect at the end of the negative wire. If the water is in a metal vessel be very careful not to let the wire touch the metal or a short circuit will be formed.

A Crittenden Co., Farmer Speaking Of Chilled Plows

Makes a statement that will interest Western Kentucky farmers who have difficulty in getting chilled plows to clean in their soils.

Marion, Ky., August 20, 1917.

B. F. Avery & Sons,
Louisville, Ky.

Gentlemen:-

Your Mr. E. M. Walker came to my place today with one of your New Chilled Plows, size #32. In reply to his inquiry as to where we would plow I told him to take it to a field where other makes had always failed to clean.

This spot is very rough and sprouty soil of a gumbo clay nature, in which I previously tested out three leading makes of Chilled Plows, in which each failed to work. Not so with your plow, for when it was stuck in the ground I never took it out to clean the moldboard a single time and I pronounce it the only plow that has ever been in this county for this sticky soil.

It is the only plow I will purchase in the future and I will unhesitatingly recommend it to my friends and neighbors, many of whom have this kind of soil to plow, for I know it will do the work.

Yours very respectfully,

J. W. Stepp

An Avery Chilled Plow will please you just as this one pleased Mr. Kemp. Get yours before the spring rush.

B. F. Avery & Sons, Inc., Louisville, Ky.

A Word To The County Teachers.

Do you know where Marion High School stands among the High Schools of Kentucky? Ask the State Supervisor of High Schools. He knows and he'll tell you, "In the A 1 Class."

Dear Friends:

You are nearing the end of another school year's work, a year of hardships and unfinished plans perhaps; but, knowing you as I do, I know that it has been a year of conscientious work, a year in which you have put forth your best efforts and I know that you have the self assurance that in spite of the unusually hard winter which all of us have had to contend with, that your labors have been worth while.

We are counting on a big High School enrollment next year when we begin school in September. We know that you are interested in that enrollment and we feel that you have been keeping the High School before your pupils all the year.

This has been a year of great responsibilities, a year of great tasks but our people have measured up to those responsibilities and have proved equal to the tasks.

The coming year will be a year of still greater responsibilities, a year of still greater tasks. We not only must teach more in the coming year but we must teach better. We must do our part toward winning the war and at the same time we must be building the citizenship of tomorrow.

We are going to win this war because our ideal of government is such that now we are determined that all nations shall have the same ideal if they desire. The message that the Stars and Stripes bears to Belgium, to Alsace-Lorraine and to all those countries which have felt the merciless insults and have been forced to submit to the dastardly crimes of the ruthless Hun, is the message of Him who said,

"Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will

give you rest." We are going to move onward and upward in our civil, religious and educational life. If you have instilled into the hearts and minds